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## Technical data

- Special Neoprene-flat cable adapted to DIN VDE 0250 part 809
- Temperature range
flexing $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
fixed installation $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Nominal voltage U0/U $300 / 500 \mathrm{~V}$
- Test voltage 3000 V
- Minimum bending radius 10x cable thickness
- Radiation resistance
up to $50 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{CJ} / \mathrm{kg}$ (up to 50 Mrad )


## Cable structure

- Bare or tinned copper, stranded to DIN VDE 0295, BS 6360 cl. 5 and IEC 60228, fine or extra fine wire stranded according to different cross-sections
1 to $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ - class 6, col. 4
35 to $95 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ - Class 5
- Special rubber core insulation CI1, to DIN VDE 0207 part 20
- Core identification up to 5 cores, colour code to DIN VDE 0293
7 cores and above with number printing
- Cores laying parallel
- Art.No. 28007 and 28013 cable structure 6x4
- Green-yellow earth core
- Special rubber outer sheath 5GM2, to DIN VDE 0207 part 21
- Colour black


## Properties

- Special rubber outer sheath, cold-resistant
- Extensively oil resistant, oil-/ chemical Resistance - see table Technical Informations
- Extremely small bending radius
- High flexibility
- Minimum waste of space
- Packeting possibility
- Behaviour in fire: Test according to VDE 0482-332-1-2, DIN EN 60332-1-2/ IEC 60332-1 (equivalent DIN VDE 0472 part 804 test method B)


## Note

- $\mathrm{G}=$ with green-yellow earth core;
$x=$ without green-yellow earth core (OZ).
- AWG sizes are approximate equivalent values. The actual cross-section is in $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$.


## Application

Neoprene type of flat cables are used mainly as trailing cable for crane installations, floor conveyer systems and shelf control units.
These cables are also available for export with UL-approval on request.

## Installation notes

Cables reels with flat cables must be transported in standing position on the flange. A bending flexibility can be achieved on a plane surface. For this purpose, the corresponding fitting instructions should be followed.

- Put the cable trolly on the guiding rail or upon carrier beam and push them together at the starting point. The distance between the bedding surface of two cable trollys must be wider than the double thickness of a cable-packet.
- During the packeting performance, it must be started with the smaller cross-section which lays on the bedding surface and will be builded successively so that the biggest cross-section is laying on the top.
- Further, be careful of a symmetrical load distribution.
- In case of multicore flat cables with small cross-section, smaller than $2,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, is very critical due to its low tensile stress. In such case, you should add $10 \%$ reserve wire for calculation.
C $\epsilon=$ The product is conformed with the EC Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EG.

| Part no . | No.cores $x$ cross-sec. $\mathbf{m m}^{2}$ |  | Outer dimension approx. mm | Cop. weight kg / km | Weight approx. $\mathbf{k g} / \mathbf{k m}$ | AWG-No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28001 | 4 G 1,5 |  | 5,9 $\times 16,2$ | 58,0 | 234,0 | 16 |
| 28002 | 5 C 1,5 |  | $5,9 \times 23,7$ | 72,0 | 304,0 | 16 |
| 28003 | 7 G 1,5 |  | 5,9 $\times$ 30,5 | 101,0 | 391,0 | 16 |
| 28004 | 8 ¢ 1,5 |  | 5,9 $\times 34,0$ | 115,0 | 441,0 | 16 |
| 28005 | 10 G 1,5 |  | 5,9 $\times 43,5$ | 144,0 | 460,0 | 16 |
| 28006 | 12 G 1,5 |  | 6,5 $\times 50,4$ | 173,0 | 646,0 | 16 |
| 28007 | 24 G 1,5 | $(6 \times 4)$ | $13,0 \times 56,0$ | 346,0 | 1290,0 | 16 |
| 28008 | 4 C 2,5 |  | 7,2 $\times 19,6$ | 96,0 | 316,0 | 14 |
| 28009 | 5 C 2,5 |  | 7,2 $\times 27,8$ | 120,0 | 391,0 | 14 |
| 28010 | 7 C 2,5 |  | $7,2 \times 36,1$ | 168,0 | 533,0 | 14 |
| 28011 | 8 C 2,5 |  | 7,2 $\times 40,2$ | 192,0 | 602,0 | 14 |
| 28012 | 12 C 2,5 |  | 7,8 $\times$ 59,4 | 288,0 | 890,0 | 14 |
| 28013 | 24 G 2,5 | $(6 \times 4)$ | $15,5 \times 66,8$ | 576,0 | 1480,0 | 14 |
| 28014 | 4 C 4 |  | 8,8 $\times 24,2$ | 154,0 | 506,0 | 12 |
| 28015 | 5 C 4 |  | 8,8 $\times 33,4$ | 192,0 | 621,0 | 12 |
| 28016 | 7 G 4 |  | $8,8 \times 42,5$ | 269,0 | 851,0 | 12 |
| 28017 | 4 G 6 |  | 9,6 $\times 27,4$ | 230,0 | 661,0 | 10 |
| 28018 | 5 C 6 |  | 9,6 $\times 37,4$ | 288,0 | 740,0 | 10 |
| 28019 | 7 G 6 |  | 9,6 $\times 47,2$ | 403,0 | 1004,0 | 10 |
| 28020 | 4 C 10 |  | $10,4 \times 30,8$ | 384,0 | 1027,0 | 8 |
| 28021 | 5 C 10 |  | $10,4 \times 41,6$ | 480,0 | 1171,0 | 8 |


| Part ${ }^{\text {no. }}$ | No.cores x cross-sec. mm ${ }^{2}$ | Outer dimension approx. mm | Cop. weight $\mathbf{k g} / \mathbf{~ k m}$ | Weight approx. kg / km | AWG-No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28022 | 4 C 16 | $11,6 \times 35,6$ | 614,0 | 1430,0 | 6 |
| 28023 | 5 C 16 | $12,2 \times 48,2$ | 768,0 | 1590,0 | 6 |
| 28024 | 4 C 25 | $14,1 \times 45,8$ | 960,0 | 1890,0 | 4 |
| 28025 | 5 C 25 | $14,7 \times 58,3$ | 1200,0 | 2215,0 | 4 |
| 28026 | 7 C 25 | $15,3 \times 78,7$ | 1680,0 | 3000,0 | 4 |
| 28027 | 4 C 35 | $15,8 \times 50,8$ | 1344,0 | 2460,0 | 2 |
| 28028 | 5 C 35 | $16,4 \times 64,4$ | 1680,0 | 2880,0 | 2 |
| 28029 | 7 C 35 | $16,4 \times 86,4$ | 2352,0 | 4100,0 | 2 |
| 28030 | 4 C 50 | $18,6 \times 60,2$ | 1920,0 | 3385,0 | 1 |
| 28031 | 4 C 70 | $21,0 \times 68,0$ | 2688,0 | 4480,0 | 2/0 |
| 28032 | 4 C 95 | $24,1 \times 78,6$ | 3648,0 | 5990,0 | 3/0 |
| 28033 | 4 C 120 | $25,5 \times 84,2$ | 4608,0 | 7240,0 | 4/0 |

[^0]
[^0]:    Dimensions and specifications may be changed without prior notice. (RJO1)

